

Weekly Dry Season Situation Report for the Mekong River Basin, covering the week from 11th to 18th March 2019

Prepared on: 19/03/2019 by Flood Team

Weather Patterns, General Behaviors of the Mekong River and Dry Season Situation

General weather patterns:

Based on data observe and product about accumulation of Mean Areal Precipitation (MAP)¹ (figure 1) and Average Soil Moisture (ASM)² (figure 2) from Mekong River Commission Flash Flood Guidance System (MRCFFGS), there was no critical weather situation over the Lower Mekong Basin during this week. However, water levels at key stations from Chiang Saen to Kratie has been continued to rise above their long-term averages (LTAs) condition due to inflows from upstream part. This week rainfall in the floodplain area in the Mekong Delta caused water level slightly increased above their LTAs from Chaktomuk to Neal Luong. However, the tidal stations at Tan Chau and Chau Doc, water levels are fluctuated over their LTAs.

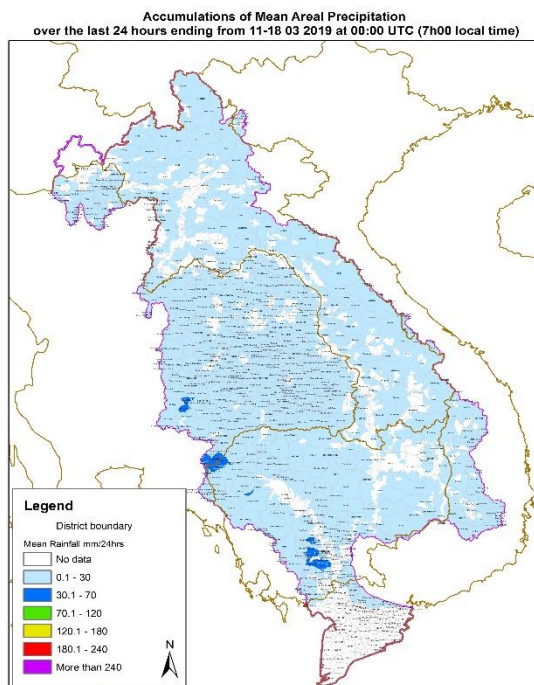


Figure 1- Accumulation of MAP 24h (11 – 18 Mar 2019)

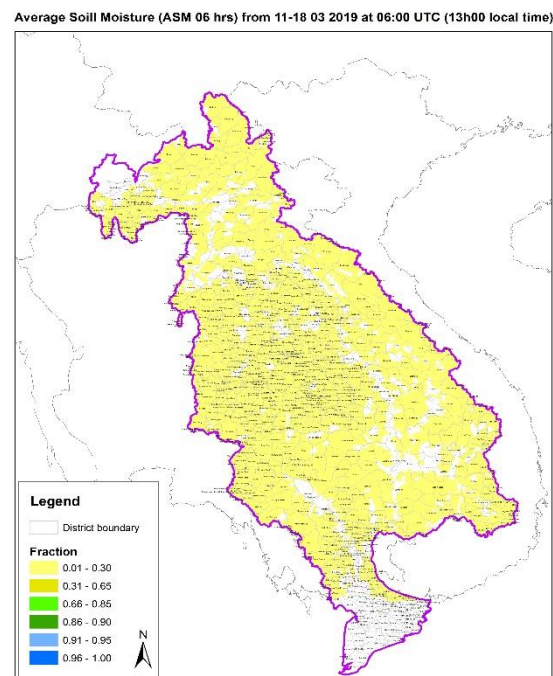


Figure 2- ASM 6h (11 – 18 Mar 2019)

¹ MAP: 24-hourly totals of mean areal precipitation (mm) for each MRCFFG catchment. It includes real-time or climatological bias adjustment of the real-time satellite. The MAP data products are updated every hour and reflect accumulations of basin-average precipitation of a given duration ending on the current product hour.

² ASM: Soil water saturation fraction (dimensionless ratio of contents over capacity) for the upper zone (down to 20-30 cm depth) of the Sacramento Soil Moisture Accounting Model for each of the MRCFFG sub-basins. The products are updated every 6 hours at the model processing hour (i.e. 00, 06, 12 and 18 UTC).

General behavior of the Mekong River:

From 11th to 18th March 2019, water levels along the lower Mekong River from Thailand's Chiang Saen to Lao PDR's Luang Prabang and Thailand's Chiang Khan were still fluctuating above their long-term averages (LTAs), although no rainfall in these areas. As observed, water level at Luang Prabang are higher than previously recorded after the wet season ended in November 2018. The rising water level is still continuing up to this month (March 2019). Because there was no heavy rainfall effected and inflow from Chiang Saen is experiencing the same trend, this sing water level at Luang Prabang could be suggested the backwater of Xayaburi's reservoir impoundment.

The trend from 25th February to 4th March 2019 at Chiang Saen to Luang Prabang will be gradually decreasing but stays above their LTAs at these stations. The trend will be the same for the stations from Lao PDR's Vientiane to Cambodia's Kompong Cham. Water level at the lower stations from Cambodia's Phnom Penh at Chaktomuk to Neak Luong were slightly increased over their LTAs. However, the tidal stations at Viet Nam's Tan Chau on the Mekong River and Chau Doc on the Bassac River will be fluctuating over their LTAs.

For stations from Chiang Saen and Luang Prabang

Water levels from 11th to 18th March 2019 at Chiang Sean and Luang Prabang stations were stayed above their long-term averages (LTAs). From 18th to 25th March 2019 will be fluctuating and staying above their LTAs still.

Since last year 2018, the water level at Lao PDR's Luang Prabang rise over their historical long-term averages, based on the observed water level monitoring provided by Department of Hydrology and Meteorology (DMH). It showed the higher levels than previously historical water level recorded from 2010 to 2018. The cause of abnormal rise of water level at Chiang Saen are likely caused by experience of hydropower operation upstream in the Southern Yunnan province of China during the Dry Season period. This could be affected to the raised water levels at Luang Prabang and Chiang Khan stations (approximal 2 days travelling time of flows from Chiang Saen). However, the continuing rise water level on the Mekong mainstream to date at Luang Prabang is not likely effected by inflows from upstream or rainfall in the catchment. This raising up water level not due to high rainfall in the Upper Mekong Basin but rather a consequence of an increase of water impounding of hydropower downstream and other inflows from tributaries upstream of Luang Prabang. It is needed to deeper investigate for further detail information to find out what are the most influent inflows for this station.

For stations from Chiang Khan, Vientiane-Nong Khai and Paksane

Water levels from 11th to 18th March 2019 at Chiang Khan, Vientiane, Nong Khai and Paksane were increased and stayed above their LTAs. The water levels will be increasing the same trends as upstream inflows. It has been observed that since December 2018, the water level at Lao PDR's Paksane dropped drastically and raised constantly over their historical long-term averages, based on the observed water level data provided by Department of Hydrology and Meteorology (DMH). It showed the higher levels than previously historical water level recorded from 2010 to 2018. The raising water levels are not likely caused by rainfall in the upper Mekong Basin, but effected by a consequence of inflows from upstream and tributaries in the catchment. It is needed to deeper investigate for further detail information to find out what are the most influent inflows for this station.

For stations from Nakhon Phanom to Pakse

Water levels from 11th to 18th March 2019 at Nakhon Phanom to Pakse were still increasing above their LTAs. Water levels at these stations will be increasing the same trends as upstream part.

For stations from Stung Treng to Kratie

Water levels from 11th to 18th March 2019 at Stung Treng to Kratie were also increased slightly above their LTAs. Water levels at these stations will be increasing the same trends as upstream part.

For stations from Kompong Cham, Phnom Penh to Prek Kdam

Water levels from 11th to 18th March 2019 at Kompong Cham down to Chaktomuk on the Bassace and Prekdam on the Tonle Sap were slightly increased and raised above their long-term averages (LTAs) due to the rainfall in the rainfall this week in the Mekong floodplain area.

Tan Chau and Chau Doc

Water levels from 11th to 18th March 2019 at Tan Chau on the Mekong and at Chau Doc on the Bassac were fluctuated over their long-term averages (LTAs).

Dry season situation

From 11th to 18th March 2019, water levels from Chiang Sean to Phnom Penh's Chaktomuk, Neak Luong on the Mekong River were increased above their LTAs. The abnormal raised water levels at Luang Prabang and Paksane are needed to further investigate and find out what the reasons cause of these rising water levels.

In general, water levels in the Mekong mainstream are staying above their LTAs, although there are reported of water shortage in the nearby area of the Mekong.

For details information on water levels and rainfall at each key station are described as follows:

- Tables for observed water levels and rainfall for the last week in Annex A
- The water levels graphs showing the observed water levels for the season in Annex B

Annex A: Graphs and Tables

Table A1: Observed water levels

Unit: m

2019	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Mukdahan	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
12/03/2019	-	3.78	9.15	6.42	2.55	3.14	4.89	2.64	2.86	2.15	3.19	8.38	3.70	2.15	2.23	1.52	1.31	0.04	0.06
13/03/2019	-	3.78	9.10	6.42	2.65	3.25	4.89	2.64	2.81	2.02	3.20	8.46	3.75	2.16	2.14	1.58	1.37	0.06	0.11
14/03/2019	-	3.78	9.22	6.53	2.70	3.32	4.89	2.63	2.82	2.00	3.20	8.51	3.82	2.34	2.30	1.62	1.37	0.15	0.23
15/03/2019	-	3.75	9.21	6.48	2.75	3.39	4.89	2.66	2.81	1.95	3.10	8.43	3.75	2.33	2.33	1.66	1.34	0.16	0.26
16/03/2019	-	3.75	9.05	6.54	2.75	3.39	4.90	2.74	2.84	1.92	3.06	8.32	3.71	2.32	2.32	1.68	1.36	0.34	0.45
17/03/2019	-	3.77	8.92	6.44	2.77	3.40	5.06	2.81	2.92	1.88	3.03	8.20	3.65	2.32	2.26	1.70	1.35	0.55	0.65
18/03/2019	-	3.77	9.13	6.42	2.74	3.38	5.10	2.87	2.98	1.91	3.03	8.13	3.57	2.34	2.24	1.94	1.32	0.85	0.94

Table A2: Observed rainfall

Unit: mm

2019	Jinghong	Chiang Saen	Luang Prabang	Chiang Khan	Vientiane	Nongkhai	Paksane	Nakhon Phanom	Mukdahan	Pakse	Stung Treng	Kratie	Kompong Cham	Phnom Penh (Bassac)	Koh Khel	Neak Luong	Prek Kdam	Tan Chau	Chau Doc
12/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	15.5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
13/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6.6	0	0	0	0	0	0
17/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	10.3	22	0	0	0
18/03/2019	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	3

Note: No data available from China during the Dry Season

Annex B: Season Water Level Graphs

This Annex has the water level graphs of the report date. These graphs are distributed weekly by email together with the River Monitoring Bulletin.

HYDROGRAPH AT 7 AM OF MEKONG TONLE SAP AND BASSAC AT MAINSTREAM STATIONS IN DRY SEASON FROM 11th TO 18th MARCH 2019

